Pillars of Culture:
50 People who Made America Great



Chapter 3 Activities

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Name: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____





Culture Changers

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. Billy Graham was born on a _____ in North Carolina.

   (a) truck farm (b) dairy farm (c) cattle ranch

2. A reputation as a good son was sometimes damaged by Billy's rambunctious behavior before he became a Christian at a revival meeting at age 16. _____

   (a) **Fact** (b) **Inference**

3. College studies included _____ and Bible topics that enabled Billy to gain an understanding of human nature, and life purpose from the _____ perspective.

4. Billy married _____and settled in Minnesota, where Billy started holding _____ that were broadcasted over radio and television.

5. The *Hour of Decision* was broadcasted for more than _____ years.

   (a) 5 (b) 15 (c) 50

6. You can **Conclude** from the vignette that Billy Graham was: _____.

   (a) not well received (b) popular with large audiences

   (c) popular only with small audiences

7. Billy Graham's career received a major boost during a: _____.

   (a) ***crusade*** in Texas (b) motion picture production (c) tent revival in California

8. **Cause:** Los Angeles _____ splashed front-page headlines about Graham, resulting in (**1st Effect)** nationwide publicity, which resulted in (**2nd Effect**) Graham being in big demand as an _____.

9. Volunteers had to be _____ to help counsel the large crowds at Billy's crusades.

10. During a period of several decades, Billy Graham spoke in ____ countries to an estimated 2.2 _____ people, more than any other human in history.

11. Billy was a ***staunch*** opponent of prejudice, communism, abortion, and financial corruption.

    In this **Context**, *staunch* would mean _____._

    (a) strong, consistent (b) flexible (c) halting (d) unstable

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12. Graham was offered prestigious positions, including ***ambassadorships***, which he accepted, while still remaining committed to his ***calling*** as an evangelist. _____

    (a) True (b) False

13. According to the vignette, Billy Graham believed that marriage should be promoted as a legal union between any two or three people. _____ (a) True (b) False

14. Queen Elizabeth of England _____ Billy Graham.

    (a) praised (b) criticized (c) knighted (d) donated money to

15. At least three _____ frequently invited Billy Graham to the White House.

16. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____

_____

_____."

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Culture Changers

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. George Washington Carver was only a _____old when ***raiders*** kidnapped George, his mother, and sisters.

2. After the Civil War ended, and slaves were emancipated, a Black family named Carver invited George to live with them, and they taught him to read the Bible. _____

   (a) True (b) False

3. While growing up, George spent many hours alone in the words, where he: _____.

   (a) sketched pictures (b) slept in the sun (c) tried to run away (d) cried

   (e) sang Christian songs (f) all of these (g) only a and e (h) only b and d

4. **Cause**: Politeness and a pleasant personality enabled George to **(Effect:)** make _____ easily.

5. _____ accepted George as its first Black student.

6. **Effect:** George majored in the study of ***botany,*** be**Cause** he was interested in _____ and insects.

7. George suggested that people who listen carefully to sounds in the woods can learn about nature and the Creator. _____ (a) True (b) False

8. You can **Conclude** from the vignette that George was unselfish and unconcerned about the economic and spiritual welfare of African-Americans. _____ (a) True (b) False

9. While employed at Tuskegee Institute, George began to ***meditate*** on the effects of ***boll weevils*** and crop _____.

10. Carver learned that peanuts deplete the soil, while cotton replenishes the soil. _____

    (a) True (b) False

11. Dr. Carver helped ***share-croppers*** become independent _____.

12. **Compare and Contrast:** Raiders and share-croppers: _____.

    (a) were alike (b) were unalike (c) were similar (d) shared basic values

13. While advising students, Dr. Carver suggested that they be tender, sympathetic, tolerant, and _____.

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14. **Review. Sequencing: Number the events of Dr. Carver's life in the proper order (1-5).**

_____ (a) attended Iowa State College

_____ (b) asked to live with a White family

_____ (c) honored by presidents and professors

_____ (d) experimented with peanuts and boll weevils at Tuskegee Institute

_____ (e) commemorated on postage stamps and buildings

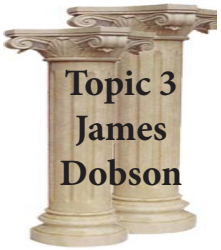
15. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____

_____

_____."

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Culture Changers

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. James Dobson was concerned about preserving the nuclear family. In this **Context**, *nuclear* would describe a _____ family.

   (a) atomic (b) traditional (c) modern (d) dysfunctional

2. Childhood training ***infused*** into James Dobson the conviction that American _____ could be ***sustained*** only by people adhering to Judeo-Christian _____ and _____.

3. The University of Southern California awarded a Ph.D. in _____ to James Dobson.

4. Dobson's book, *Dare to Discipline*, addressed the issues of child _____ and lack of _____.

5. Dr. Dobson started a radio program called *Focus on* _____.

   (a) *Disobedient Children* (b) *Irresponsible Parents* (c) *the Family*

6. Professors, parents, and _____ sought advice from Dr. Dobson on such issues as marriage, ***transgender*** _____, homosexuality, and _____ ***obsessions***.

7. The Family Resource Council promoted public policy designed to support the _____ family, school _____, and ***evangelical*** involvement in _____.

8. Is it accurate to **Infer** that Dr. Dobson was unconcerned about preserving the historic American culture based on child discipline, marriage between one man and one women, and public practice of living by such values as compassion, self-discipline, voting, and expressing one's faith? _____ (a) yes (b) no (c) inconclusive

9. According to Dr. Dobson, the **Cause** of dysfunctional families and many cultural ills can be attributed to the **Effect** (consequences) of the stripping away of Judeo-Christian values.

   _____ (a) True (b) False

10. What issue in America does Dr. Dobson believe to be the most critical? _____ _____.

11. Dobson pointed out that every civilization in the world has been built on _____.

    (a) religion (b) political correctness (c) education (d) the traditional family unit

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12. Dr. Dobson was recognized by The Society of World Changers. In this **Context**, *recognized* would mean_____.

    (a) acquainted with (b) knew him by sight (c) honored (d) none of these

13. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____

    _____

    _____"

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Culture Changers

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. Martin Luther King (MLK) was born in 1929 in the state of _____, 70 years after the Proclamation by President _____ that ***emancipated*** Black slaves in America.

2. However, **(Effect:)** African-Americans (Blacks) were still referred to as _____ who were not treated equally with Anglo-Americans (Whites). What was the **Cause**?

   _____

3. Prejudiced white people practiced ***segregation*** and implemented ***"Jim Crow"*** laws against Blacks to prevent them from voting, eating at certain restaurants, or attending certain schools. _____ (a) True (b) False

4. As a teenager, Martin Luther King developed good ***oratorical*** _____ , which undoubtedly helped him as a Baptist preacher, who believed that all people should be treated _____, regardless of ethnicity.

5. The practice of segregation, ***humiliating*** treatment, and "Jim Crow" laws were significant in **Causing** resentment among Blacks during the 1950s; and the **Effect** was: _____.

   (a) separate busses for Blacks (b) racial strife (c) more community harmony

6. Rosa Parks gained national attention when she was arrested for: _____.

   (a) refusing to eat at a restaurant (b) refusing to move to the back of a bus

   (c) refusing to get off from a bus (d) none of these

7. What did Martin Luther King do after Rosa Parks was arrested? _____.

   (a) conducted a "sit in" protest (b) objected to her unfair treatment

   (c) staged a street protest (d) all of these

8. The reputation of Martin Luther King ***escalated*** after the courts ruled in favor of _____.

9. A group of ***"free thinkers"***, insurrectionists, and socialists associated with Martin Luther King for a period of time, causing him to lose _____ with some public figures.

10. The "I Have a Dream" speech was delivered to thousands of people in New York City in 1963.

    _____ (a) True (b) False

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11. The _____ was awarded to Martin Luther King in recognition of his efforts to remove "Jim Crow" laws, segregation, and prejudices.

12. Martin Luther King was _____ in Memphis, Tennessee in 1968.

13. Martin Luther King was a Civil Rights ***advocate*** and leader. In this **Context**, *advocate* means _____. (a) attorney (b) counselor (c) promoter

14. The second non-president to receive the ***designation*** of a national holiday is _____.

(Curious as to who the first person was? Check your October calendar!)

15. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____ _____."

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Name: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____





Culture Changers

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. Noah Webster decided to change the way American students were educated because:

   _____.

   (a) teachers were using British books (b) one-room schools were crowded

   (c) he was bored (d) all of these

   (e) only a and b (f) only b and c

2. After graduating from Yale College and teaching for a while, Noah Webster passed the ***Bar***. In this **Context**, *bar* means _____.

   (a) a liquor-serving establishment (b) an exam to become a lawyer

   (c) something to jump over (d) an obstruction

3. Webster studied more than _____ languages in order to thoroughly understand the pronunciation, spelling, and writing, of _____ words.

4. Noah Webster published the _____, which became the main spelling authority for American schools.

5. The first *Webster's Dictionary* contained more than _____ words. It eventually contained more than _____words, ***derived*** from Greek, Latin, Spanish, English, French, and _____ ***origins***.

6. You can **Conclude** that Noah Webster was intelligent, committed to a mission, and diligent in his quest to publish books designed to help American students learn effectively. _____

   (a) True (b) False

7. You can also **Conclude** that the **Effect** of Noah Webster's scholastic efforts was: _____.

   (a) students remained below international levels (b) Americans became more literate

   (c) schools continued using British books (d) only a and c

8. Be**Cause** politics held little interest for Webster, **(Effect:)** he declined an invitation to become editor of The Federalist Party Newspaper. _____ (a) True (b) False

9. According to Noah Webster, all _____ should proceed ***systematically*** through distinct sounds of vowels and _____, then syllables, and sentences.

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10. What was Webster's attitude toward virtues and moral values? _____

    (a) He was uninterested. (b) He was highly interested. (c) He avoided them.

11. Who was Noah Webster's main publisher-competitor? _____

    (a) Alexander Hamilton (b) William McGuffey (c) Rebecca Greenleaf

12. What school book sold more copies than the Blue Backed Speller? _____

13. Later editions of the Blue Backed Speller ***emphasized*** Judeo-Christian values. _____

    (a) **Fact** (b) **Inference**

14. The **Main idea** of this vignette is that Webster and McGuffey enabled America to rise to a high level of literacy to maintain freedom. _____ (a) True (b) False

15. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____

    _____

    _____."

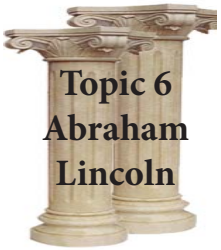
Score your activities. Correct errors. Review this section. Request your section quiz. Remember: you may be exempt from the chapter test if you score 85% or higher on both section quizzes.

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Name: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____





Statesmen

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. Abraham Lincoln was born in a Kentucky log cabin in 1809, and was taught to read by his _____. (a) mother (b) father (c) stepmother (d) aunt

2. Abraham grew up reading the Bible, biographies of _____ and _____, as well as *Aesop's Fables*, and *Pilgrim's Progress*.

3. Judging from the photograph of Mr. Lincoln, his physical appearance could best be described as _____. (a) handsome (b) homely (c) ugly

4. Lincoln had a ***gangly*** body-build, meaning he was_____.
   (a) very lean and muscular (b) short and husky (c) tall, thin and lanky

5. You can **Conclude** from the description of Abraham Lincoln's early boyhood that he lived in: _____. (a) opulence (b) poverty (c) middle class conditions

6. Even though Mr. Lincoln was unsuccessful in two ***enterprises***, he was able to open a successful law practice. _____ (a) True (b) False

7. Mr. Lincoln won the ***admiration*** of voters, who elected him to the Illinois State _____.

8. While serving in the US Congress as a representative of Illinois, Mr. Lincoln began to speak against the practice of _____. (a) segregation (b) slavery (c) abortion

9. The _____ Debates promoted Mr. Lincoln's position on ***abolition*** into _____ prominence.

10. Be**Cause** of Mr. Lincoln's oratorical skills, support of _____, and defense of the US Constitution, (**Effect:**) he won national admiration, and caused voters to consider him as a leader of the_____ Party.

11. Democrat voters wanted to: _____.
    (a) oppose slavery (b) continue slavery (c) defend state's rights
    (d) all of these (d) only b and c (e) only a and c

12. The famous novel, *Uncle Tom's Cabin*, by Harriet Beecher Stowe, supported slavery and state's rights. _____ (a) True (b) False

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13. Eleven Southern Democrat states threatened to ***secede*** from the Union if Mr. Lincoln were elected as president. _____ (a) True (b) False

14. **Cause:** Lincoln was elected President. **1st Effect:** eleven southern states formed the _____. **2nd Effect:** The first military action of the ***divisive*** Civil War occurred when _____ troops attacked _____ in South Carolina.

15. How many soldiers died of wounds and disease during the bloody Civil War? _____

(a) 100,000 (b) 400,000 (c) 600,000 (d) 800,000 (e) 850,000

16. The _____ was delivered at a ***commemorative*** service in honor of fallen _____; and the speech became popular in schools throughout the nation.

17. The document that freed slaves is called the _____.

18. The vignette **Infers** that southern states were not ***devastated*** by the war. _____

(a) True (b) False

19. President Lincoln was assassinated by _____.

(a) Ulysses S. Grant (b) Robert E. Lee (c) John W. Booth (d) none of these

20. ***Carpetbaggers initiated*** harsh ***reconstruction*** policies as punishment of southern states.

_____ (a) **Fact** (b) **Opinion**

21. You could **Conclude** that reconstruction policies advanced the economic status of Blacks.

_____ (a) True (b) False

22. Abraham Lincoln is remembered on money, stamps, and memorials, such as on _____ in South Dakota.

23. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____ _____."

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Statesmen

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. ***Obscurity*** has to do with being: _____.

   (a) well known (b) unknown (c) known by a few people (d) known to be brave

2. Calvin Coolidge was born on a farm managed by a ***blue-collar*** father who ***instilled*** in his son the _____ of hard work, and a sense of responsibility and accountability for _____.

3. Calvin was taught to practice honesty, integrity, courage, kindness, and loyalty by his _____.

   (a) aunt (b) mother (c) grandmother (d) stepmother

4. The ***devastating*** death of Calvin's mother occurred when Calvin was only _____ years of age.

5. As a married man with a family, Calvin lost a son in death, from which Calvin never emotionally recovered. _____ (a) **Fact** (b) **Inference**

6. You can **Infer** that Calvin Coolidge was a successful elected official because he practiced the values which his parents taught him during youth. _____ (a) True (b) False

7. Coolidge was shunned by "***high society***" while Governor of Massachusetts. _____

   (a) True (b) False

8. **Refer to the photos of Calvin Coolidge**. He would appear to be_____.

   (a) quiet (b) serious (c) honest (d) corrupt (e) dishonest

   (f) fun-loving (g) all of these (h) only a, b, and c (i) only d, e, and f

9. List the three basic values embraced by Calvin Coolidge while Governor of Massachusetts:

   _____

   _____

   _____

10. What sudden event propelled Calvin Coolidge into the presidency of the United States?

    _____

    (a) President Harding appointed him (b) President Harding died

    (c) President Harding was impeached (d) none of these

11. Coolidge was the first US president to deliver a speech over _____.

    (a) radio (b) Television (c) the internet

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12. Evidence suggests that President Coolidge opposed women's ***suffrage***. _____

    (a) True (b) False

13. President Coolidge believed that _____should operate within its/their budget without creating debt.

    (a) families (b) state governments (c) the federal government

14. The "***Roaring Twenties***" were characterized by young people who wanted to _____, have fun, drive automobiles, and experience _____ ***prosperity***.

15. Who provided such items as watches, clothes, furniture, stoves, cars, and cooking utensils? _____

    (a) people who went to parties (b) politicians (c) entrepreneurs (d) media

16. ***Stock market*** speculation was one of the **Causes** of the United States experiencing the **Effects** of debt. _____ (a) True (b) False

17. You can **Conclude** that President Coolidge was _____ the direction the nation pursued.

    (a) indifferent toward (b) concerned about (c) in agreement with

18. _____ ***calamity*** and the ***Great*** _____ were the result of a nation that disregarded the consequences of debt, irresponsible life styles, "get rich quick" schemes, and corruption.

19. Coolidge is remembered as a statesman who was a _____ force in maintaining America's greatness.

    (a) sensitizing (b) desensitizing (c) stabilizing (d) destabilizing

20. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____
    _____."

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Statesmen

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. History is made and nations are changed by ordinary people who do extra-ordinary acts that are often considered to be "**out of the box**" and impossible. In this **Context**, "*out of the box*" has to do with_____.

   (a) getting out of a box (b) impossibilities (c) implementing creative thinking

2. Even though Ronald Reagan had poor eye-sight that prohibited him from serving in front-line duty, he ***compensated*** for his physical limitations by acting in_____ films.

   (a) documentary (b) military training (c) western (d) high-drama

3. **Chronological order. Number the events in Reagan's life in the order in which they happened:**

   _____ (a) moved to California

   _____ (b) attended a Christian college

   _____ (c) acted in military training films

   _____ (d) performed in more than 50 films

   _____ (e) excelled in swimming, football, acting

4. While acting in Hollywood films, Ronald Reagan became involved in efforts to oppose socialism and communism that had invaded the film industry. _____ (a) **Fact** (b) **Inference**

5. Ronald Reagan was hired by _____in 1954 to promote ***free enterprise***; then ten years later, he hosted a television program called _____.

6. The general public identified and supported Reagan's ***conservative perspective*** on American _____ (a) culture (b) films (c) television programs

7. Name three characteristics exhibited by Reagan that gained public support for him:

   a _____ ***demeanor***, _____, and _____.

8. Reagan served _____ terms as Governor of _____ where he dealt firmly with disruptive, college-student agitators.

9. Reagan was elected as US President in _____, survived an _____ attempt, and served _____, four-year terms in the ***Oval Office***.

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10. During the ***Cold War***, Reagan firmly enforced his policy of "_____."

    (a) Peace through negotiation (b) peace through strength (c) peace through compromise

11. As he stood firmly against communist Soviet Union leaders who had erected the ***Berlin Wall*** that separated East and West Berlin, Reagan famously said, " _____,

    _____!"

12. Which other world leader assisted Reagan in dismantling the "***Iron Curtain***"? _____

    (a) Henkley (b) Thatcher (c) Churchill (d) Stalin

13. "Together, they were ***instrumental*** in removing the Iron Curtain…." In this **Context**,

    instrumental had to do with _____.

    (a) playing musical instruments (b) using wrecking instruments (c) playing a major role

14. "Together, they were instrumental in removing the Iron Curtain…." In this **Context**,

    Iron Curtain meant a _____.

    (a) a huge, steel curtain (b) a huge, heavy curtain

    (c) a militarized border (d) none of these

15. President Reagan is credited with ending _____.

    (a) the Soviet Union (b) the Iron Curtain (c) the Cold War

16. Reagan was quoted as saying, "If we ever forget that we are _____

    _____, then we will be a nation gone_____."

17. No other presidential candidate has received more electoral votes than Reagan during his second term election. _____ (a) True (b) False

18. **Summarize and Infer from the vignette and photograph of Ronald Reagan:**

    (a) Four characteristics of Ronald Reagan that set him apart from many other politicians were.

    _____ indecisive _____ firm on principles

    _____ arrogant _____ integrity

    _____ decisive _____ compromising

    _____ sincere _____ friendly

    _____ dominating _____ stern

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(b) Three things in which Ronald Reagan strongly believed were:

_____ capitalism _____ dictatorship

_____ socialism _____ peace through strength

_____ small government _____ big government

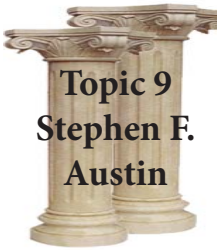
_____ compromise _____ peace at any price

19. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____

_____."

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Statesmen

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. Stephen F. Austin didn't plan to become a hero, but he was in the right_____ at the right _____ with the _____ to do ***exploits*** that earned him a place in history.
2. **Cause:** Mexico won its independence from _____. **Effect:** The _____ land-grant was nullified by _____.
3. Who brought the first legal US settlers to the land that became Texas? _____

   (a) Moses F. Austin (b) Santa Anna (c) Napoleon of France (d) Stephen F. Austin
4. Santa Anna became the _____ over the Republic of Mexico, which included the remote land of "Tejas." (a) ***Impresario*** (b) *Dictator* (c) President
5. What happened when Mexican Impresarios abused their authority over freedom-loving setters from the United States? _____

   (a) settlers were ***sympathetic*** (b) ***skirmishes*** developed (c) settlers returned to Kentucky
6. Stephen F. Austin went to Mexico City, where he persuaded Mexican officials to allow "Tejas" to become an independent state of Mexico. _____ (a) True (b) False
7. Mexican General Cos crossed the _____ River to establish ***martial*** law in "Tejas".
8. Who assumed leadership of "Tejas" settlers while Stephen F. Austin was in prison in Mexico?

   _____
9. In 1836, 187 Settlers decided that Mexican ***jurisdiction*** of "Tejas" should be resisted at a mission called the ***Alamo*** in: _____.

   (a) San Jose (b) San Angelo (c) San Antonio (d) San Jacinto
10. For how many days did Santa Anna's several thousand Mexican troops lay ***siege*** against the Alamo before it fell? _____ (a) 12 (b) 19 (c) 21 (d) 48
11. You can **Conclude** from the vignette that the men who resisted Santa Anna at the Alamo against staggering odds were: _____

    (a) soldiers (b) brave (c) dedicated (d) deserters (e) only a and b (f) only b and c
12. Sam Houston's army of volunteers defeated Santa Anna's army at _____ in 1836.

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13. **Cause:** Santa Anna surrendered, and (**Effect:**) "Tejas" gained her independence to became the _____, an independent State that became part of the _____ in 1848.

14. **Review: Chronological order. Number the following events in the order in which they occurred:**

_____ (a) Stephen F. Austin was called the "Father of Texas"

_____ (b) Sam Houston defeated Santa Anna at San Jacinto

_____ (b) General Cos established martial Law in "Tejas"

_____ (c) Stephen F. Austin was arrested and put in a Mexican prison

_____ (f) Texas gained independence

_____ (d) The Alamo fell after being attacked by Santa Anna

15. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____ _____."

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Statesmen

Fill in the blanks, choose multiple choice, or answer true or false as indicated.

1. Theodore Roosevelt wore thick glasses, was sickly and _____ as a child.
2. By the time Theodore Roosevelt was elected as the 26th president, he was ***robust*** and energetic.
   _____ (a) **Fact** (b) **Inference**
3. You could **Infer** that Theodore Roosevelt received an excellent education while being homeschooled by his mother. _____ (a) True (b) False
4. During that time, Roosevelt learned ***taxidermy***, and was such an ***inquisitive*** boy and ***avid*** reader that he was prepared to attend _____ in 1878.
   (a) middle school (b) high school (c) college
5. Theodore's father advised his son to "Take care of your _____ first, your health next, and finally your _____."
6. Be**Cause** he struggled with Greek and Math, (**Effect:**) he graduated at the bottom of his class.
   _____ (a) True (b) False
7. Tragedy struck Theodore twice on the same day when both his _____ and _____ died.
8. While living in _____, Roosevelt raised cattle, rode horses, built fences, and hunted. (a) North Dakota (b) South Dakota (c) New York
9. During his period of grief and depression, Roosevelt read books about _____ life and wrote *Hunting Trips of a Ranchman*. (a) hunting (b) ranch (c) frontier
10. People ***affectionately*** called Theodore "Teddy Bear" relating to his refusal to kill a trapped bear.
    _____ (a) True (b) False
11. Roosevelt was appointed as Secretary of the _____ in 1897; then, two years later, he published the first two volumes of his famous "_____" series of books.
12. In 1898, he resigned his naval position and formed ***The Rough Riders*** to fight the Spanish in _____ during the _____ War.

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13. Roosevelt became a national hero because of his combat courage on _____ _____ in Cuba.

14. Theodore Roosevelt practiced the Golden Rule: "_____ as you would have them _____."

15. While serving as Governor of New York, Roosevelt earned the reputation as a ***bombastic*** leader, which means he was **Not** _____.

    (a) laid-back (b) energetic (c) flamboyant

16. When an ***anarchist*** assassinated President _____, Theodore was thrust into the US presidency.

17. President Roosevelt enforced the ***Monroe Doctrine*** and assumed construction of the ***Panama Canal***. _____ (a) True (b) False

18. Roosevelt became known as the "Trust Buster", which means that he_____.

    (a) could not be trusted (b) broke-up monopolies (c) engaged in anticompetitive practices

19. His statement, "Speak softly and carry a big stick, and you will go far" **Infers** that one should _____.

    (a) always carry something with which to protect oneself

    (b) "keep cool", but be prepared assert yourself in a good cause

    (c) neither of these

20. Like his predecessor, William McKinley, "Teddy" was assassinated while giving a speech. _____ (a) True (b) False

21. Theodore Roosevelt is remembered on _____ in South Dakota, as well as on numerous parks and monuments.

22. **Write the Life Principle:** "_____ _____."

Score your activities. Correct errors. Review this section. Request your section quiz. Remember: you may be exempt from the chapter test if you score 85% or higher on both section quizzes.

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